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Modelling visual attention and gaze requires large complex datasets that are very difficult to create. We present a dataset (release date: Sept. 2024) of 3D gaze data gathered across several naturalistic VR protocols.

To create the SPHEER dataset we compiled 3D raw eye and body tracking data from 11 experiments! (see bottom refs.).

Some numbers!

- 380+ participants.
- days of continuous time-series data (+50M samples). 6+
- types of stimuli (360° images and videos, 3D virtual rooms). 3
- types of tasks (free-viewing, visual search, object placement). 3+



Uses

- •Visual attention model: saliency / saccadic modelling.
- Predict head from eye movements and vice-versa.
- •Investigate vergence behaviour in complex 3D conditions. • Develop gaze-parsing algorithms (3D, dynamic content).
- Test eye movements hypotheses related to age and gender.
- •Etc.

Roi, Y., Gutiérrez, J., & Le Callet, P. (2017, June). A dataset of head and eye movements for 360 degree images. In Proceedings of the 8th ACM on Multimedia Systems Conference (pp. 205-David, E., Gutiérrez, J., Coutrot, A., Da Silva, M. P., & Le Callet, P. (2018, June). A dataset of head and eye movements for 360° videos. In Proceedings of the 9th ACM Multimedia Systems Conference (pp. 432-437), ACM Ref. David, E., Beitner, J., & Võ, M. L.-H. (2020). Effects of transient loss of vision on head and eye movements during visual search in a virtual environment. Brain sciences, 10(11), 841 Helbing, J., Draschkow, D., & Vo, M. L. H. (2020). Search superiority: Goal-directed attentional allocation creates more reliable incidental identity and location memory than explicit encoding in naturalistic virtual environments. Cognition, 196, 104147. > David, E., Lebranchu, P., Perreira Da Silva, M. & Le Callet, P. (2022). What are the visuo-motor tendencies of omnidirectional scene free-viewing in virtual reality?. Journal of Vision, 22(4), 12 + 3 manuscripts in preparation + unpublished data

SPHEER – a rich dataset of time-resolved 3D gaze and head movements in virtual reality

The Scene Perception, Head and Eye in Extended Reality dataset

Eye, body and controller tracking data from XR devices (HTC Vive, Vive Pro Eye, Pico 4 Pro) = <u>3D vectors and</u> <u>quaternions</u>.

Body data = <u>Head</u> (+ <u>torso</u> and <u>leg</u> in 3 studies).

Processing **Resampling** = 120Hz or 250Hz for uniformly timeseparated samples.

Standardisation = common spatial reference and data layout:

Unique experiment and participant ID, Timestamp, Head rotation, Left/Right eye direction, (position/rotation of body parts & controller)

Raw data are linked to trial data which contain info. about stimuli and experimental conditions 3D virtual rooms are shared as collections of **3d** bounding boxes data.

Example: Predicting head rotations from eye data

Input: head-centred eye direction vectors (3D), time-series of 40 samples 16.7ms apart.

<u>Ouput</u>: Head rotation (quaternion). Model: simple MLP (1 hidden layer). Loss: MSE + quaternion angular difference.

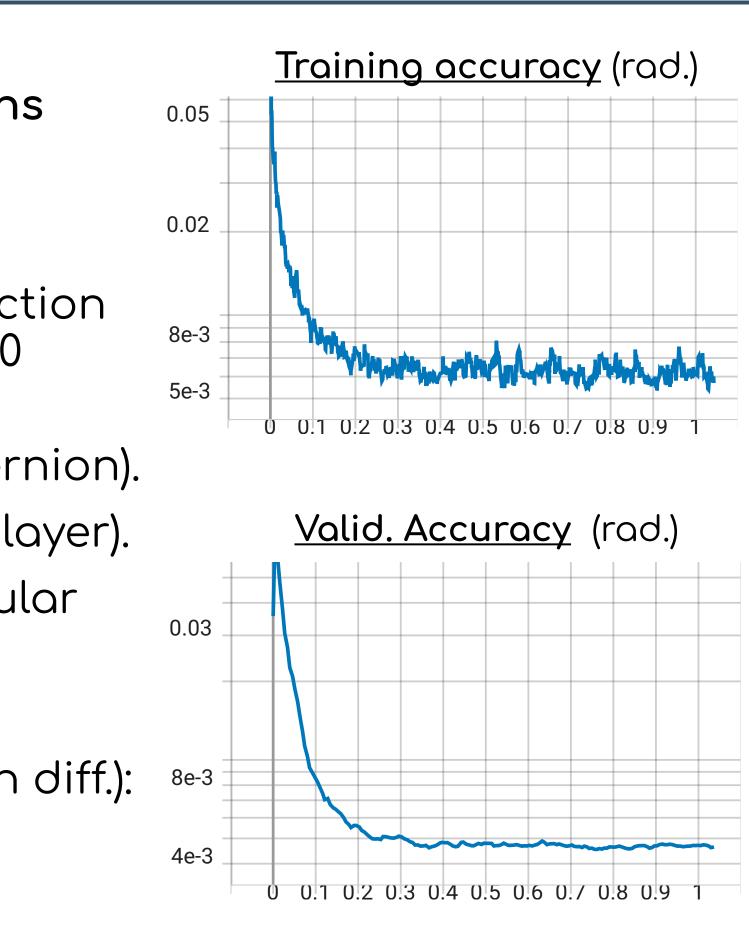
Testing accuracy (quaternion diff.): 8e-3 • Mean = 0.26° • Median = 0.15°

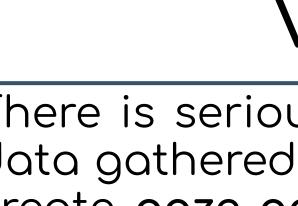


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Method

Trial (meta-)data



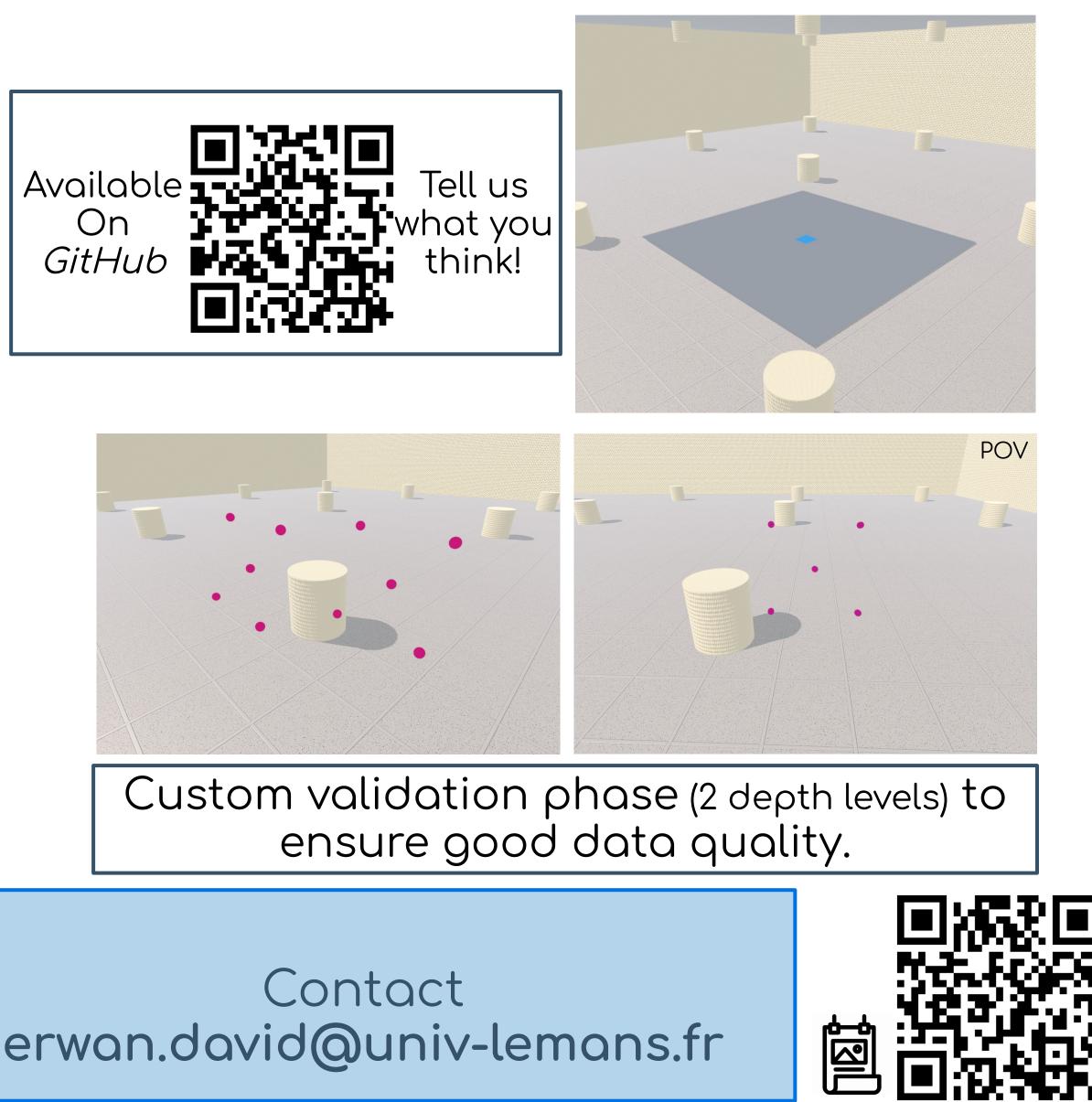


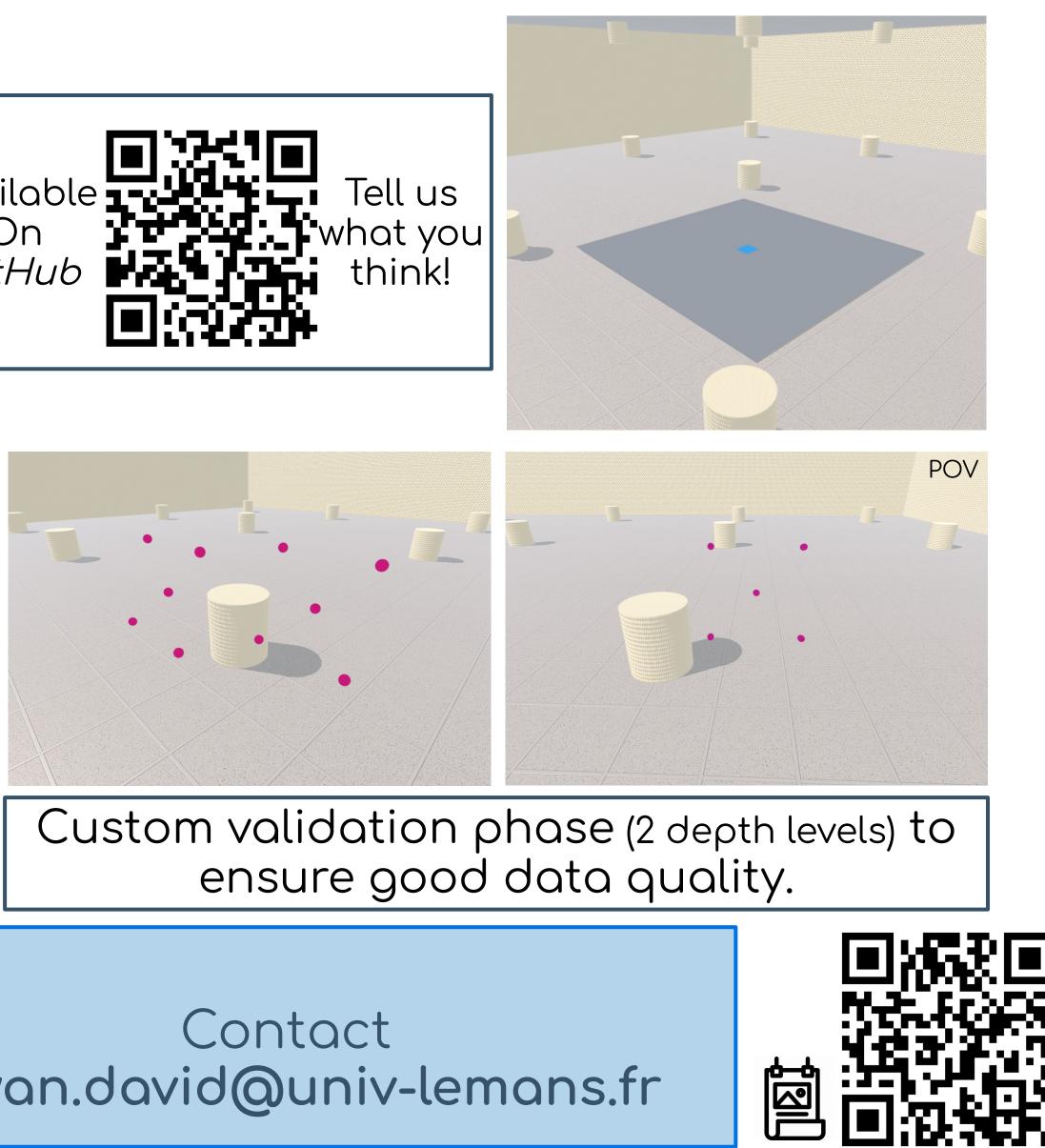
There is serious **need** for datasets of raw eye/head data gathered during typical 3D gaze movements to create gaze-parsing algorithm adapted to 3D gaze events:

 Saccades & fixations • Vestibulo-ocular reflex (VOR) • Smooth pursuit All with varying cue depth

The VR Test suite implements simple, quick, repeated visual tests placing targets between 0.33 and 2m to viewers in the virtual environment to elicit vergence changes.

Vergence is important to infer an object of interest in 3D (several objects may be in the line of sight of each eye).











The SPHEER VR Test suite